## SC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL - 2003 OFFICIAL LIST OF REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

State law # 44-29-10 and Regulation # 61-20 require disease reporting from physicians (or their designees) health care institutions, and/or laboratories. State law also requires reporting of any outbreak or unusual disease cluster of possible public health significance, or that suggests a possible bioterrorist event. Immediately reportable conditions should be <a href="https://penchapter.org/physiol/">physiol/<a href="https://penchapter.org/physiol/">https://penchapter.org/physiol/<a href="https://penchapter.org/physiol/">https://pen

Conditions Immediately Reportable by Phone Report any outbreak or unusual disease condition.	P	L	Routinely Reportable Conditions (P) Physician, (L) Lab	P	L	Routinely Reportable Conditions (P) Physician, (L) Lab	P	L
Animal (mammal) Bites	✓		AIDS (4)	✓		Leprosy (R)	✓	✓
Anthrax	✓	✓	Antibiotic Resistant Organisms (3)		✓	Leptospirosis (R)	✓	<b>√</b>
Botulism (R)	✓	✓	Drug-resistant pneumococcus (2)(5)		✓	Listeriosis	✓	<b>√</b>
Cholera	✓	✓	Vancomycin-resistant enterococcus		✓	Lyme disease (R)	✓	✓
Dengue	~	✓	Brucellosis	✓	✓	Lymphogranuloma venereum	✓	
Diphtheria	✓	✓	Campylobacter enteritis	✓	✓	Malaria (R)	✓	<b>✓</b>
Enterohemorrhagic E. coli (includes O157:H7)	✓	✓	CD4 T-lymphocyte count < 200 or < 14%	✓	✓	Mumps	✓	
Encephalitis, arthropod-borne	✓	✓	Chancroid	✓	✓	Pesticide poisoning	✓	<b>✓</b>
Foodborne outbreak	✓	✓	Chlamydia trachomatis, genital site		✓	Pneumococcal disease, invasive (2)(5)	✓	<b>√</b>
Haemophilus influenzae type b, invasive disease (1)(2) (R)	✓	✓	Cryptosporidiosis	✓	✓	Psittacosis	✓	<b>✓</b>
Hantavirus	✓	✓	Cyclosporiasis	✓	✓	Q Fever	✓	<b>✓</b>
Hemolytic uremic syndrome (R)	✓		Ehrlichiosis	✓	✓	Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (R)	✓	<b>✓</b>
Hepatitis A, acute (IgM + only)	✓	✓	Giardiasis	✓	✓	Salmonellosis	✓	<b>✓</b>
Measles (Rubeola) (R)	✓	✓	Gonorrhea	✓	✓	Shigellosis	✓	✓
Meningococcal disease	✓	✓	Granuloma inguinale	✓	✓	Streptococcus group A, invasive disease (2)	✓	<b>✓</b>
Pertussis (R)	✓	<b>\</b>	Haemophilus influenzae, non-type b invasive disease (1)(2)	✓	✓	Streptococcus group B, age < 90 days	✓	<b>✓</b>
Plague (R)	<b>✓</b>	>	Hepatitis B,C,D,E, non A-E	✓	✓	Syphilis, latent or tertiary (R)	✓	✓
Poliomyelitis (R)	<b>✓</b>	>	Hepatitis B during pregnancy	✓	✓	Tetanus (R)	✓	<b>√</b>
Rabies (human)	~	✓	HIV-1 or HIV-2 infection (4) (R)	✓	✓	Toxic Shock (R) (Staphylococcal or Streptococcal)	✓	
Rubella	✓	✓	HTLV-I or HTLV-II infection		✓	Tuberculosis (R)	✓	<b>✓</b>
Rubella, congenital	✓		Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) (report by number only) (6)	✓		Typhus	✓	<b>✓</b>
Staph aureus, vancomycin-resistant (3)	✓	✓	Influenza virus isolates		✓	Varicella	✓	
Syphilis, congenital (R)	✓		Kawasaki disease (R)	✓		Varicella death	✓	
Syphilis, primary or secondary	✓	✓	Lead poisoning (7)	✓		Vibrio parahaemolyticus	✓	<b>√</b>
Trichinosis	✓	✓	Lead tests, all (7)		✓	Vibrio vulnificus	✓	<b>✓</b>
Tularemia	✓	✓	Legionellosis (R)	✓				
Typhoid fever (R)	✓	✓						
Yellow fever	✓	✓						

- (1) Invasive H.influenzae type b disease is immediately reportable, invasive disease for all other H. influenzae, including non-typeable strains, should be reported by routine methods.
- (2) Invasive disease is defined as isolation of the organism from a normally sterile site e.g. blood, csf, bronchial aspirates, and cellulitis, only if isolate obtained by skin biopsy. Invasive disease includes Group A strep necrotizing fasciitis.
- (3) Antibiotic-Resistant Organisms: a) resistant pneumococcus: MIC  $\geq 2$  mcg/ml of penicillin G (or Oxacillin disc zone  $\leq 19$  mm) or resistance to any single drug accepted as effective treatment; b) Vancomycin-resistant enterococcus: MIC  $\geq 32$  mcg/ml of vancomycin. The definition of resistance may differ between laboratories by test methods used to determine susceptibility. Reports should specify the site from which the isolate was obtained and the drug susceptibility profile.
- (4) Report HIV infection or AIDS when: (a) serum, urine, or oral fluid specimen is positive: (i) by screening test (e.g., EIA antibody) **OR** (ii) a confirmatory test (e.g., Western blot) **OR** (iii) an HIV detection test (e.g., PCR nucleic acid test, including viral load), **OR** (b) diagnosis of a case of HIV or AIDS. A positive HIV screening test should NOT be reported if followed by a negative confirmatory test. HIV infection or AIDS must be reported by calling 1-800-277-0873 or 803-898-0758, or by submitting a DHEC Disease Report Card (DHEC 1129, available locally) or appropriate CDC Case Report Form, to the STD/HIV Division, Mills/Janett Complex, Box 101106, Columbia, SC 29211.
- (5) In addition to drug-resistant pneumococcal isolates, all invasive pneumococcal disease should be reported. Reports should specify the site from which the organism was obtained.
- (6) Positive results from rapid flu tests kits are counted as ILI, not confirmed influenza isolates.
- (7) Physicians report serum lead level > 10 mcg/dl for children under 6 years of age; > 25 mcg/dl for persons 6 years or older, labs report all lead tests performed regardless of the level.
- (R) DHEC may request additional clinical information for these diseases by means of a Case  ${\bf R}$ eport form.